

# From HERA





# to LHC

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Overview

#### **1.Structure functions + parton distributions** gluon, α<sub>5</sub>

W,Z, H, tt cross section precision

2. Heavy Flavors

c,b content of proton

3. Diffraction

#### 4. Final states

multiple interactions underlying event

#### 5.MC tools



versus





proton structure, QCD





Higgs, SUSY,... QCD backgr.



#### Parton Distribution Functions

LHC is a p-p collider but fundamentally we have parton-parton scattering:



need precise PDF (x,Q<sup>2</sup>) + their QCD evolution to highest order

parton-parton luminosities and energies ŝ

## The HERA legacy

ZEUSprel-07-026

H1 prelim-07-007,

Lepton-Photon 07:

#### H1,ZEUS: F2 precise to 2-3%



#### HERA1 combined:



#### The HERA legacy: PDFs



Cooper-Sarkar et al., HERA-LHC WS 2005

## The HERA legacy

#### LHC W,Z production



Cooper-Sarkar et al., HERA-LHC WS 2005

#### Parton Distribution Functions

HERA1



#### HERA combined



much reduced errors, but reveals gluon uncertainty ! get final HERA PDFs !

#### HERA combined

NLO QCD (JETRAD

- combine H1+ZEUS: lumi ~700 pb<sup>-1</sup>
- combine with jets
- only more statistics, no better syst.:



#### smaller error on LHC jet cross sections + New Physics !

#### The Gluon



Feltesse, Gwenlan, Glazov, Klein, Moch, HERA-LHC WS 2005.

### $F_L$ and Gluon

-  $F_L$  directly sensitive to gluon

$$F_{I} = \frac{\alpha_{S}}{4\pi} x^{2} \int_{x}^{1} \frac{dz}{z^{3}} \left[ \frac{16}{3} F_{2} + 8 \sum e_{q}^{2} (1 - \frac{x}{z}) \right] z^{2}$$

- HERA runs at 460+575 GeV with 16+9 pb<sup>-1</sup>:



#### - x check other measurements







#### PDFs at NNLO

- NNLO partons with uncertainties from experimental errors
- NNLO uncertainties  $\leq$  than NLO, at medium xu(x) (NLO-NNLO) > uncertainties
- NNLO fit better than NLO



- NNLO resolves more features of theory:  $q_s$ ,  $q_v$ ,  $\overline{q}$  evolve with different kernels - Heavy flavors still an issue. DIS07: MRST(MSTW) 3

> Campbell, Huston, Stirling, LHC QCD primer Rep.Prog.Phys. 70 (2007) 89–193. http://www.iop.org/EJ/abstract/0034–4885/70/1/R02/

#### Standard candle: W, Z production

- W,Z rapidity distribution with scale variation  $m_{W,Z}/2 \le \mu \le 2m_{W,Z}$
- NNLO renorm./fact. scale dependence ~1%

(Anastasiou, Petriello, Melnikov '05; Dissertori '05)

- LO -> NLO -> NNLO: ~ normalization only !



Campbell, Huston, Stirling, LHC QCD primer, Rep.Prog.Phys. 70 (2007) 174 f.

#### Standard candle: W,Z production ?

- 1-2% theory error
- 2% ultimate LHC precision, BUT:
- PDF uncertainties ~7% (CTEQ) dominate !
- more precision needed from HERA medium 0.001 < x < 0.03



#### Gluon Gluon -> Higgs theor.

- gets large positive corrections from order to order
- renormalization scale uncertainty for scale variation  $m_h/2 \le \mu \le 2m_h$  at NNLO still ~10%



Campbell, Huston, Stirling, LHC QCD primer, Rep.Prog.Phys. 70 (2007) 182. see also: Catani, de Florian, Grazzini, Nason, 2003; Anastasiou, Petriello, Melnikov 2005 NNLO: Harlander, Kilgore '02 Anastasiou, Melnikov '02 Ravindran, Smith, van Neerven '03 N<sup>3</sup>LO soft: Moch, Vogt 05 Gluon Gluon -> Higgs exptl.

- PDF uncertainties 3-5% set dep.
- gluon dominates precision
- qq smaller





A.Djouadi, S.Ferrag, hep-ph/0310209.

tt production



- Tevatron: large x valence quarks produce top: opposite ratio !
- gluon important:
  - PDF uncertainty 3-4%
  - NLO + NLL ~10%
  - total exptl. ~10%

## Jets at high $p_{\rm T}$



#### Extra Dimensions

- affect dijet cross section through running  $\alpha_s$
- parameterized by nr of extra dimensions D + compactification scale  $M_c$



S.Ferrag, hep-ph/0407303

- high x gluon dominates high  $E_{t}$  jet cross section.
- PDF uncertainties reduce  $M_c$  sensitivity from ~5 to 2 TeV

## $\alpha_s$ from HERA jets

- H1 incl. jets (NLO) hep-ex/0706.3722, DESY 07-073.

 $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.1193 \pm 0.0023 \text{ (stat)} + 0.0032 \text{ (th)} \pm 0.0010 \text{ (pdf)}$  $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.1171 \pm 0.0014 \text{ (stat)} + 0.0047 \text{ (th)} \pm 0.0016 \text{ (pdf)}$ 

- ZEUS incl. jets (NLO)  $\alpha_s(M_z) = 0.1207 \pm 0.0014 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.0034 \text{ (exp)} \pm 0.0023 \text{ (th)}$ 



700<Q<sup>2</sup><5000 GeV<sup>2</sup>



H1: DESY 07-073, ZEUS: DESY 06-241. EPS Manchester 07.

-HERA incl. jets (NLO)

 $\alpha_{c}(M_{7}) = 0.1198 \pm 0.0019 \text{ (exp)} \pm 0.0026 \text{ (th)}$ 

## $\alpha_s$ – the run to unification

- need precise  $\alpha_5$  to check SUSY GUT unification  $\alpha_1 = (5/3) \alpha / \cos^2 \Theta_W$  $\alpha_2 = \alpha / \sin \Theta_W$  $\alpha_3 = \alpha_5$
- $\delta \alpha_s \sim 0.002$  is the limitation !

α<sub>c</sub>=0.1154(40)

16

 $sin^2 \theta_w = 0.23098(26)$ 

- can lattice take over from expt: 0.1170+0.0012 ?

![](_page_22_Figure_4.jpeg)

ی 1/<sup>26</sup>

25.5

25

24.5

24

15.5

## Heavy Flavor

## Charm

![](_page_23_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_4.jpeg)

 $F_2^{c,b}$ : proton flavor content

HERA2: H1+ZEUS: Si vertex detectors - c,b lifetime tag

![](_page_24_Figure_2.jpeg)

F2 <sup>c</sup> errors						
HERA I: H1 displaced tracks:						
Q <sup>2</sup> [GeV <sup>2</sup> ]	$\sigma_{stat}$	$\sigma_{sys}$	$\sigma_{tot}$			
25	~6%	~8%	~10%			
650	~22%	~15%	~27%			
HERA II Projection:						
Q <sup>2</sup> [GeV <sup>2</sup> ]	$\sigma_{\text{stat}}$	$\sigma_{sys}$	$\sigma_{tot}$			
25	~3%	~4%	~5%			
650	~10%	~10%	~14%			

F2 <sup>b</sup> errors							
HERA I: H1 displaced tracks:							
$Q^2$ [GeV <sup>2</sup> ]	$\sigma_{stat}$	$\sigma_{sys}$	$\sigma_{tot}$				
25	~20%	~20%	~30%				
650	~40%	~25%	~50%				
HERA II projection:							
$Q^2 [GeV^2]$	$\sigma_{\text{stat}}$	$\sigma_{sys}$	$\sigma_{tot}$				
25	~10%	~10%	~15%				
650	~20%	~20%	~30%				
combine							

![](_page_24_Figure_5.jpeg)

H1 prelim-07-171, LP 07; ZEUS: DIS Munich 07

H1+ZEUS

#### Heavy Flavor schemes

PDF ratios CTEQ6.1M charm mass neglected to CTEQ6.5M charm mass implemented

![](_page_25_Figure_2.jpeg)

### Heavy Flavor

#### CTEQ6.5M vs. CTEQ6.1: W,Z cross section prediction: ~10 % error

![](_page_26_Figure_2.jpeg)

- ratio FFNS/VFNS

Fixed/Variable Flavor Nr Scheme:

- large uncertainty of LHC gg luminosities: 20,30% at  $M_{\rm X}$ =0.1,1 TeV
- VFNS exptl. not favored over FFNS

#### treat heavy flavors correctly otherwise obscure Standard Candle !

![](_page_26_Figure_8.jpeg)

Flavor in W production

70%

25%

5%

#### only u,d,s,c contribute:

Cabibbo favored valence ud Cabibbo favored sea cs Cabibbo suppressed sea change sea symmetry: change W<sup>-</sup>/W<sup>+</sup> ratio

![](_page_27_Figure_4.jpeg)

#### Flavor in Z production

![](_page_28_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Figure_2.jpeg)

# Diffraction

#### Diffraction from HERA to LHC

![](_page_30_Figure_1.jpeg)

## Diffractive Higgs production

for M<sub>H</sub>=120-250 GeV
 mass resolution ~ 1 GeV
 from energy of protons

- J<sup>CP</sup>=0<sup>++</sup>

C+P even state (mostly)

- need diff. PDF at β -> 1
  and Q<sup>2</sup> ~ M<sub>H</sub><sup>2</sup>
- sensitive to unintegrated PDFs
- inclusive = background to exclusive

![](_page_31_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Figure_8.jpeg)

H

D

#### Diffractive $F_2^{D}$

![](_page_32_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Pomeron PDFs

![](_page_33_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Figure_2.jpeg)

## Underlying Event

- and Multiple Interactions:
- on top of LO: parton showers, remnant-remnant interactions
- NOT lumi dependent pile-up !

![](_page_34_Figure_4.jpeg)

- not calculable from QCD
- adapt MC models to Tevatron + HERA data
- measure  $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ ,  $dN_{ch}/dp_T$  at LHC

## Underlying Event

## dN<sub>ch</sub>/dp<sub>t</sub> leading jet

![](_page_35_Figure_2.jpeg)

- MC models tuned to Tevatron+HERA data differ strongly at LHC !
- PHOJET (DPM) ~ ln(s) PYTHIA (MPI) ~ ln<sup>2</sup>(s)
- better understanding + tuning:
  PYTHIA dual-core? PHOJET? JIMMY?

### QCD + MC event generators

Instead of having defined LO, NLO and shower calculation separately and patching the gap between them by matching schemes

![](_page_36_Picture_2.jpeg)

we should define a new shower concept that can naturally cooperate with NLO calculations

![](_page_36_Figure_4.jpeg)

Z.Nagy, DIS, Munich 2007.

MC generators

#### Algorithms for NLO matching:

#### MC@NLO

#### Avoiding double counting introduce extra subtract terms

S. Frixione and B. Webber: JHEP 0206:029,2002 S. Frixione, P. Nason and B. Webber: JHEP 0308:007,2003

#### Krämer-Soper:

# include first shower step in NLO calculation + start shower from this configuration.

M. Krämer and D. Soper: Phys.Rev. D69:054019,2004
 Z. Nagy and D. Soper: JHEP 0510:024,2005
 P. Nason: JHEP 0411:040,2004

## From HERA ...

- $F_2$ ,  $F_2^{c,b}$ ,  $F_2^{D}$ ,  $F_L$  proton structure functions - PDFs:
  - xq(x): u(x) error ~3%
  - xg(x): large uncertainty
- $\alpha_s$ : error ~2%
- To do:
- HERA final F<sub>2</sub><sup>c,b</sup>, F<sub>L</sub>
- HERA combined  $F_2$ ,  $F_2^{c,b}$ ,  $F_L$ , g(x), PDFs !
- PDFs, xg(x):
  - combine input from  $F_2$ ,  $F_2^{c,b}$ ,  $F_L$ , jets
  - consistent charm treatment + NNLO use
- $\alpha_s$ : final inclusive + jet data

## .. to LHC

Production	errors PDF	in % Theory	Expt.	
W,Z	7	1-2	2	standard candle
Higgs	3-5	10	5-10	
tt	3-4	10	10	new physics
high E <sub>⊤</sub> jets	10-50	10	15-50	

- uncertainties due to
  - $\cdot$  missing NNLO
  - errors of xg(x)
  - heavy flavor treatment
  - errors on jet energy scale
- underlying event + multiple interactions
  - better understand
- tune MC generators PYTHIA, JIMMY, PHOJET

![](_page_40_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Picture_3.jpeg)

LHC 2008

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