
TwoCalc:

self energies at two-loop level

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TwoCalc in general

TwoCalc:

- analytical evaluation of two-loop self energy diagrams (in terms of scalar integrals)
- Mathematica program
- uses `FeynArts-Input` (with modification)
- uses some `FeynCalc`-routines
- output: scalar parts of the self energies
- numerical evaluation: left as a problem for the user

What is TwoCalc good for?

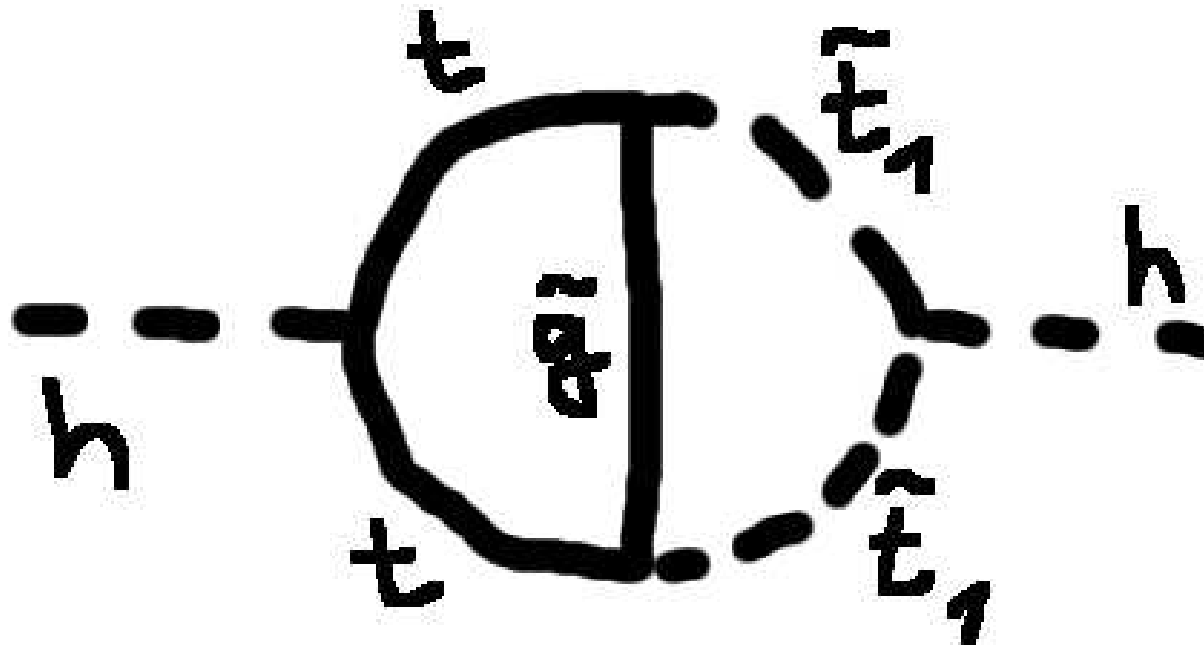
Knowledge of **two-loop** self energies needed for:

Precision calculations:

- e.g. • W-boson mass, Z-boson mass, ρ parameter, Δr
- mass of the lightest Higgs boson in the MSSM

FeynArts-Input

Example: this diagram shall be evaluated:



FeynArts-Input

FeynArts program:

```
Get["FeynArts.m"];
```

```
SetOptions[InsertFields,  
           Model -> MSSMQCD,
```

choice of the
model file

level specification -> InsertionLevel -> {Particles},

exclusions

```
{ ExcludeParticles -> {S[1], S[2], S[3],  
                      S[4], S[5], S[6], S[11, ___], S[12, ___],  
                      S[14, ___], V[1], V[2], V[3], V[5], U[_],  
                      F[4, ___], F[11, ___], F[12, ___]},  
  Restrictions -> {NoGeneration1,  
                  NoGeneration2}];
```

```
SetOptions[Paint, PaintLevel -> {Particles},  
           ColumnsXRows -> {4, 5}];
```

FeynArts-Input

```
tt = CreateTopologies[2, 1->1,
                    ExcludeTopologies->{Tadpoles}];
```

Annotations: "two loops" (green) points to the number 2; "self energy" (red) points to the process 1->1.

choose process:

```
selfhh2loop = InsertFields[tt, S[1]->S[1]];
```

choose diagram:

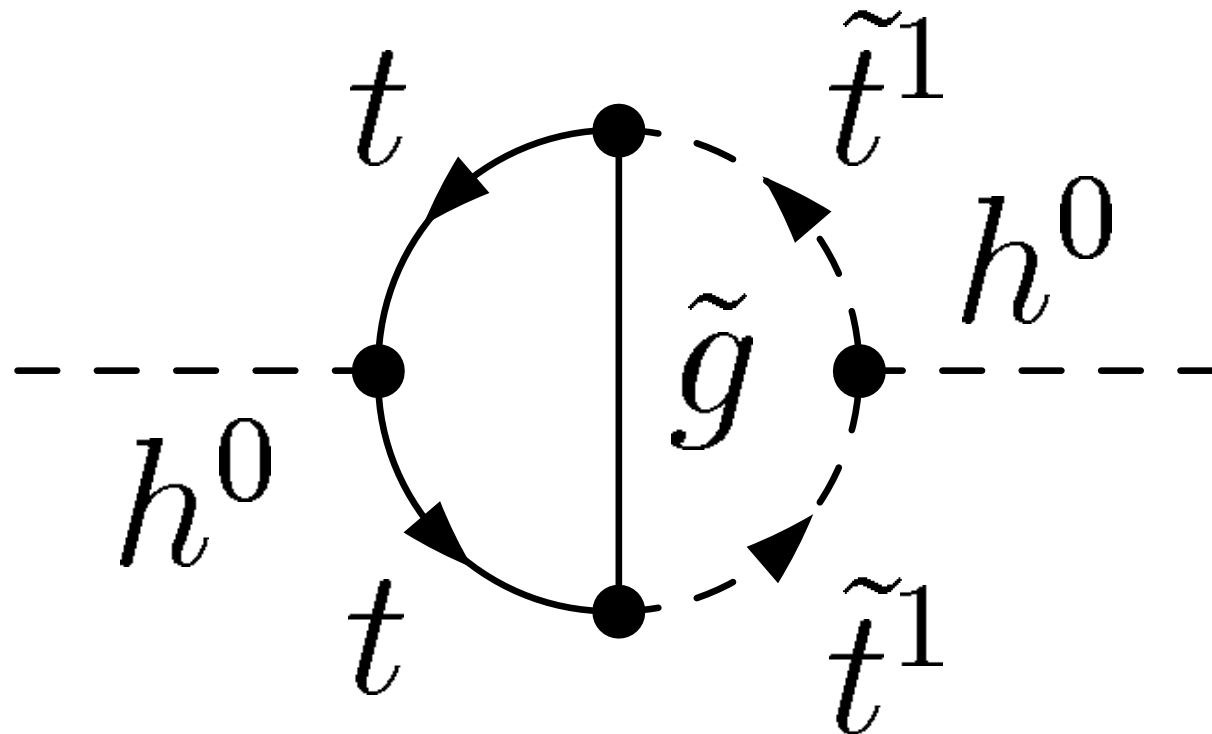
```
selfhh2loop = Discard[selfhh2loop, 1...32,
                    34...88];
```

painting the chosen diagrams:

```
Paint[selfhh2loop,
      DisplayFunction ->
      (Display["pic/2ldiag.ps", #]&)];
```

FeynArts-Input

Just checking: It is the right diagram:



FeynArts-Input

Further FeynArts program:

Generation of the
FeynArts amplitude:

```
ampself = CreateFeynAmp[selfhh2loop];
```

Output:

```
FeynAmpList[Model ->..., ...,
```

```
Process ->
```

```
{ {S[1], FourMomentum[Incoming, 1], Mh0} } ->  
{ {S[1], FourMomentum[Outgoing, 1], Mh0} } ]
```

```
[FeynAmp[GraphID[...],
```

```
Integral[FourMomentum[Internal, 1],  
FourMomentum[Internal, 2]],
```

```
FeynAmpDenominator[..]MatrixTrace[..]
```

```
...SumOver[Index[Colour, 2], 3]...]
```

summation over colour indices

single
process
diagram

FeynArts-Input

TwoCalc: no evaluation of sums over colour indices

SUNSimplify.m:

- takes as input: FeynArts amplitude
- evaluates sums over colour indices
- gives as output: FeynArts amplitude

```
Get["SUNSimplify.m"];
```

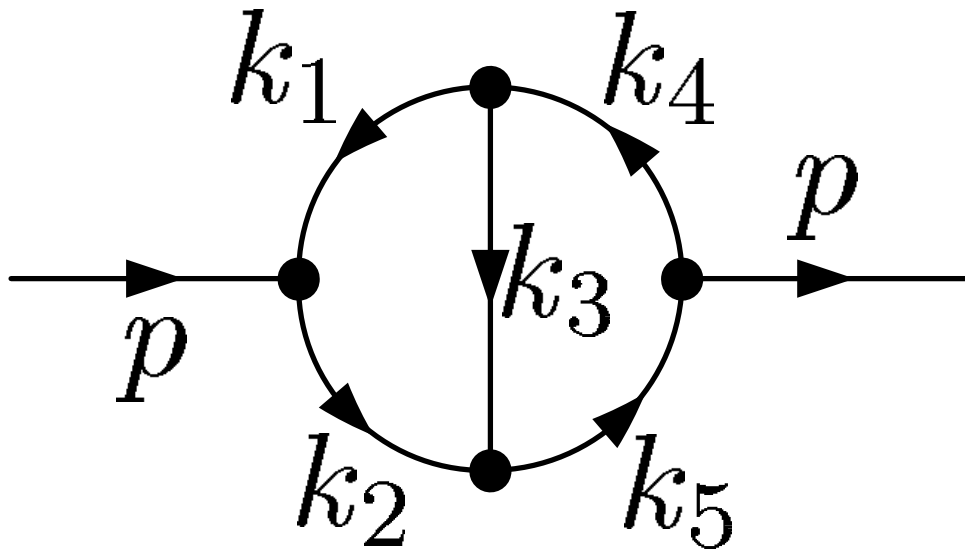
```
ampself = SUNSimplify[ampself];
```

FeynArts-Input

TwoCalc: uses different conventions

simplesubst.m:

- takes as input: FeynArts amplitude
- redefines momenta:



$$k_1 = q_1$$

$$k_2 = q_1 + p$$

$$k_3 = q_2 - q_1$$

$$k_4 = q_2$$

$$k_5 = q_2 + p$$

$p = \text{FourMomentum}[\text{Incoming/Outgoing}, 1]$: external momenta

$q_i = \text{FourMomentum}[\text{Internal}, i]$: loop momenta

FeynArts-Input

TwoCalc: uses different conventions

`simplesubst.m`:

- takes as input: FeynArts amplitude
- redefines momenta
- gives as output: TwoCalc compatible amplitude

```
Get["simplesubst.m"];
```

```
ampself = SimpleSubst[ampself];
```

FeynArts-Input

FeynArts amplitude as input for TwoCalc:

```
FeynAmpList[Model ->..., ...,  
Process -> {{S[1], p1, Mh0}} -> {{S[1], p1, Mh0}}],  
[FeynAmp[GraphID[...]  
    k1, k2, k3, k4, k5, p,  
    ...*(-1 + SUNN^2)*  
    DiracTrace[(MT + DiracSlash[k2]). ...]*  
    FeynAmpDenominator[  
        PropagatorDenominator[k1, MT],  
        PropagatorDenominator[k2, MT],  
        PropagatorDenominator[k3, MG1],  
        PropagatorDenominator[k4, MSf[1, 3, 3]],  
        PropagatorDenominator[k5, MSf[1, 3, 3]]  
    * ...]]]
```

Running TwoCalc

First step:

```
Get [ "TwoLoop.m" ] ;
```

Second step:

```
SetOptions [ TwoLoop, Dimension->$D, ... ]
```

↑
should be set
\$D: number of dimensions

Further options for TwoLoop:

- choice of regularisation scheme:
 - dimensional regularisation (default)
 - dimensional reduction: `DimReduction -> True`
- choice of function for collecting scalar integrals
- specification of initial substitutions

Running TwoCalc

Third step:

Get the FeynArts amplitude:

```
amp = Get["amp/ampself.amp"];
```

Fourth step:

Do the calculation:

```
self = TwoLoopSum[amp, SelfEnergyPart->8, ...];
```

further options:

- graph selection
 - collection possibilities
- 

Running TwoCalc

Meaning of `SelfEnergyPart`:

`TwoCalc` calculates only scalar parts of self energies:

self energies must be decomposed:

vector bosons: transversal and longitudinal parts

fermions: scalar, vector and axial vector parts

`SelfEnergyPart` specifies:

what part of which self energy should be calculated

Running TwoCalc

Third step:

Get the FeynArts amplitude:

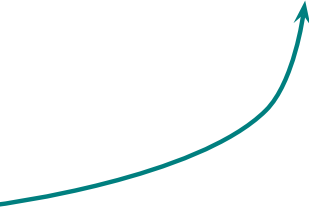
```
amp = Get["amp/ampself.amp"];
```

Fourth step:

Do the calculation:

```
self = TwoLoopSum[amp, SelfEnergyPart->8, ...];
```

(scalar) part of a
self energy of
scalar bosons



TwoCalc Output

Output:

$$\begin{aligned} & T[Df[k1, MT] * Df[k2, MT] * Df[k3, MSf[1, 3, 3]] * \\ & \quad Df[k4, MG1]] * \dots \\ & + B0[p2, MT, MT] * B0[p2, MSf[1, 3, 3], MSf[1, 3, 3]] * \dots \\ & + T[Df[k1, MSf[1, 3, 3]] * Df[k2, MSf[1, 3, 3]] * \\ & \quad Df[k3, MT] * Df[k4, MG1]] * \dots \\ & + T[Df[k1, MSf[1, 3, 3]] * Df[k2, MSf[1, 3, 3]] * \\ & \quad Df[k3, MG1] * Df[k4, MT] * Df[k5, MT]] * \dots \end{aligned}$$

in terms of scalar integrals

TwoCalc Output

Scalar two-loop integrals:

$$T[Df[k_{i1}, M1] * Df[k_{i2}, M2] * \dots * Df[k_{in}, Mn]]$$

$$= \left\langle \left\langle \frac{1}{(k_{i_1}^2 - m_1^2)(k_{i_2}^2 - m_2^2) \dots (k_{i_n}^2 - m_n^2)} \right\rangle \right\rangle$$

$\langle \langle \dots \rangle \rangle$ denotes the integration over the loop momenta

TwoCalc Output

In case of a more complicated output:

- more scalar two-loop integrals
- also scalar two-loop integrals of the form:

$$Y[\text{Num}[k_1] * \text{Den}[\text{Df}[k_2, M_2] * \text{Df}[k_3, M_3] * \text{Df}[k_4, M_4] * \text{Df}[k_5, M_5]]]$$

$$= \left\langle \left\langle \frac{k_1^2}{(k_2^2 - m_2^2)(k_3^2 - m_3^2)(k_4^2 - m_4^2)(k_5^2 - m_5^2)} \right\rangle \right\rangle$$

TwoCalc Output

In case of a more complicated output:

further **simplification** is useful:

two connected **routines** available:

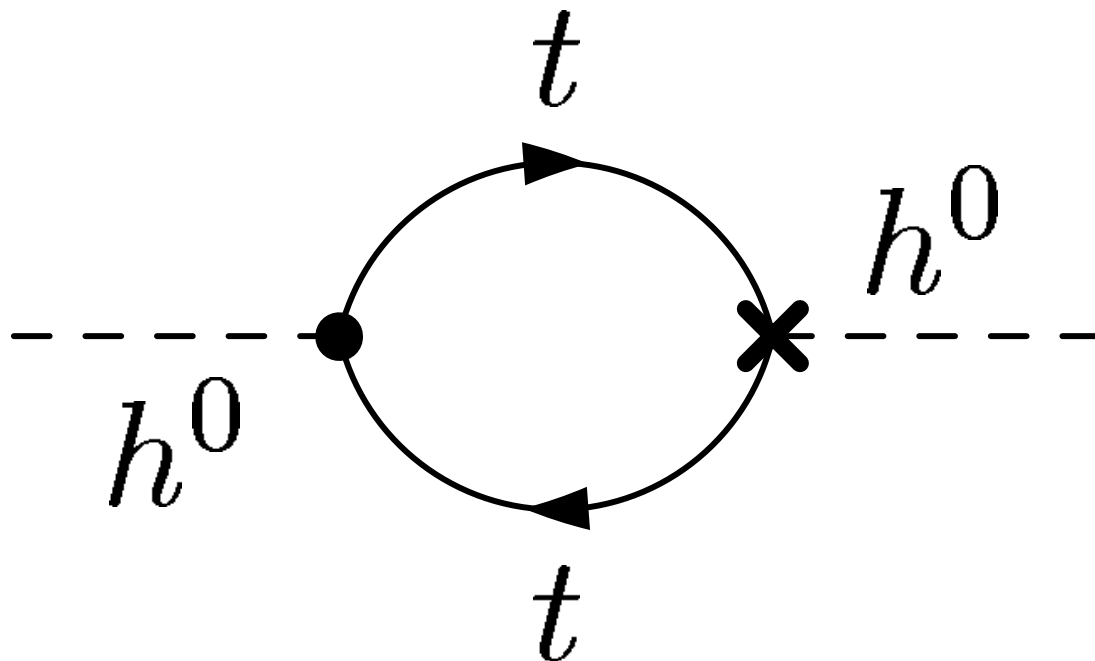
Simple.m: extension of the look-up table in TwoCalc:
decompositions of scalar two-loop integrals
into **products of one-loop integrals** and
simpler two-loop integrals

Symm.m: application of **symmetry relations**

Diagrams with counterterm insertions

Full calculation of a two-loop self energy:
(not only a single diagram)

Diagrams with counterterm insertions have to be included:



Diagrams with counterterm insertions

Procedure:

- create `FeynArts` amplitude:

`CreateTopologies` → `CreateCTTopologies`

- evaluate sums over colour indices

- change conventions

`FeynAmp[... , k1 , k2 , k3 , k4 , k5 , p , ...]`

→ `FeynAmp[... , k1 , k2 , p , ...]`

- use `OneCalc` instead of `TwoCalc`

`TwoLoop.m` → `OneCalc.m`

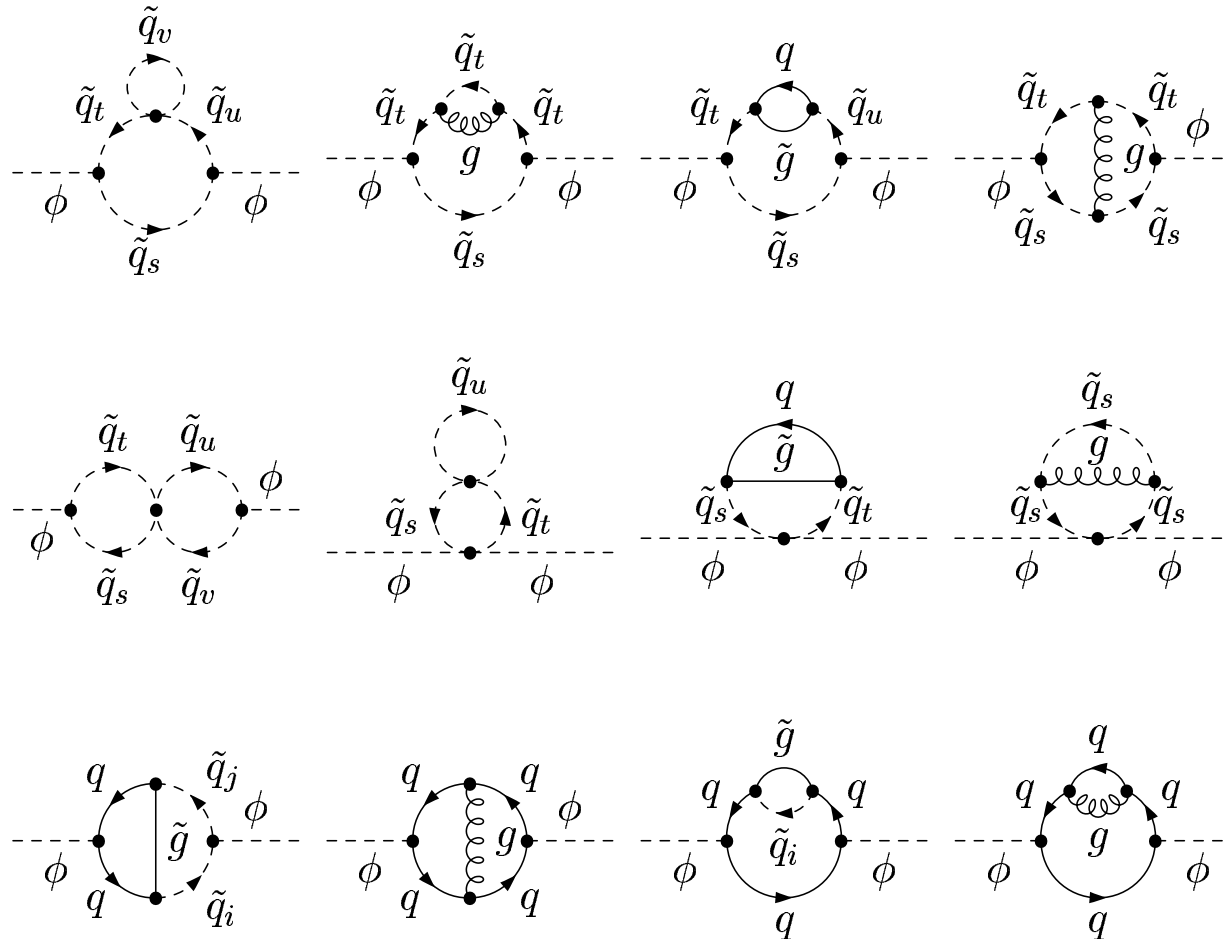
`TwoLoop/TwoLoopSum` → `OneLoop/OneLoopSum`

Getting “reasonable” numbers

- Determine all self energy diagrams needed for the correction that shall be calculated
(can be a subset of diagrams)

Getting “reasonable” numbers

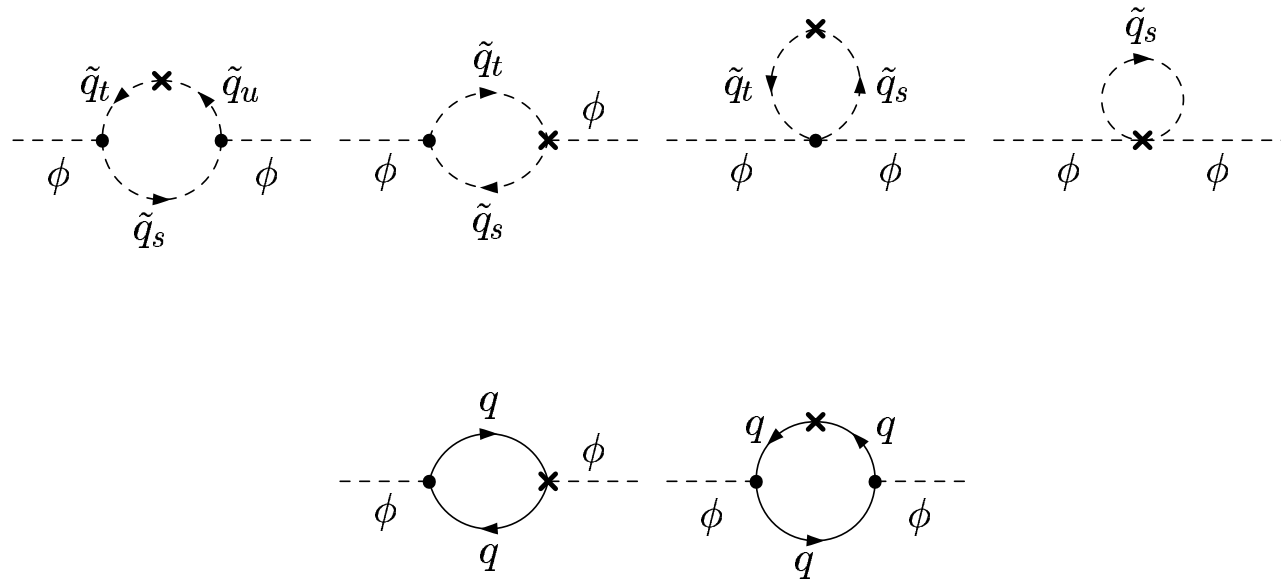
For corrections to the mass of the lightest Higgs boson $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_q \alpha_s)$:



Getting “reasonable” numbers

... and the corresponding diagrams

with counterterm insertions



Getting “reasonable” numbers

- Determine all self energy diagrams needed for the correction that shall be calculated
(can be a subset of diagrams)
- Do not forget two-loop counterterms
- Use `FeynArts`, `SUNSimplify`, `simplesubst` to create the amplitudes
- Use `TwoCalc` and `OneCalc` for the evaluation of the amplitudes in terms of scalar integrals
- Expand in $\epsilon = 4 - D$

Getting “reasonable” numbers

For the expansion:

Divide scalar integrals in

- a **divergent** part $\sim \frac{1}{\epsilon}$, $\sim \frac{1}{\epsilon^2}$
- a **finite** part

In the expansion:

Divergent terms have to **cancel**

Last problem:

Numerical evaluation of the **finite** parts of the scalar integrals

Numerical Evaluation

Numerical evaluation of the finite parts of scalar integrals:

- some can be expressed analytically
- some need numerical integration

Existing package: S2L:

- C++ program for the numerical integrations
- can be used via a MathLink connection

Finally

Nobody knows as much about a program as the author:

- `FeynArts`: T. Hahn
- `TwoCalc`, `OneCalc`, `Simple.m`, `Symm.m`: G. Weiglein
- `simplesubst.m`: G. Weiglein, A. Freitas
- `SUNSimplify.m`: T. Hahn, H.R.
- `s2L`: S. Bauberger